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PURPOSE OF NON-INSTRUCTIONAL AND BUSINESS SERVICES

This series of the board policy manual is devoted to the goals and objectives for the school district's non-instructional services and business operations that assist in the delivery of the education program. These non-instructional services include, but are not limited to, transportation, the school lunch program and childcare. The board, as it deems necessary, will provide additional non-instructional services to support the education program.

It shall be the goal of the board to provide non-instructional services and to conduct its business operations in an efficient manner.

Approved <u>9/18/03</u>

Reviewed 10/17/16

DEPOSITORY OF FUNDS

Each year at its annual meeting, the board shall designate by resolution the name and location of the lowa located financial depository institution or institutions to serve as the official school district depository or depositories. The maximum deposit amount to be kept in the depository shall be stated in the resolution. The amount stated in the resolution must be for all depositories and include all of the school district's funds.

It shall be the responsibility of the board secretary to include the resolution in the minutes of the meeting.

Legal Reference:	lowa Code §§ 12C; 279.33 (1995).
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Cross Reference:	210.1	An
	206 4	Tre

210.1 Annual Meeting206.4 Treasurer704.1 Local - State - Federal - Miscellaneous Revenue

Approved <u>9/18/03</u>

Reviewed <u>10/17/16</u>

TRANSFER OF FUNDS

When the necessity for a fund has ceased to exist, the balance may be transferred to another fund or account by board resolution. School district monies received without a designated purpose may be transferred in this manner. School district monies received for a specific purpose or upon vote of the people may only be transferred, by board resolution when the purpose for which the monies were received has been completed. Voter approval is required to transfer monies to the general fund from the capital projects fund and debt service fund.

It shall be the responsibility of the board secretary to make recommendations to the board regarding transfers and to provide the documentation justifying the transfer.

Legal Reference: Iowa Code §§ 24.21-.22; 279.8; 298A (1997).

Cross Reference:

701.3 Financial Records703 Budget704.2 Sale of Bonds

Approved <u>9/18/03</u>

Reviewed <u>10/17/16</u>

FINANCIAL RECORDS

Financial records of the school district shall be maintained in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as required or modified by law. School district monies shall be received and expended from the appropriate fund and/or account. The funds and accounts of the school district shall include, but not be limited to:

Governmental fund type:

- General fund
- Special revenue fund
 - --Management levy fund
 - --Physical plant and equipment levy fund
 - --Public education and recreation levy fund
 - --Student activity fund
 - Capital projects fund
- Debt service fund

Proprietary fund type:

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- Enterprise fund
 - --School nutrition fund
 - --Child care fund
 - Internal service fund

Fiduciary funds:

- Trust or agency funds
 - --Expendable trust funds
 - --Nonexpendable trust funds
 - --Agency funds
 - --Pension trust funds

Account groups:

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- General fixed assets account group
 - General long-term debt account group

As necessary the board may, by board resolution, create additional funds within the governmental, proprietary and fiduciary fund types. The resolution shall state the type of fund, name of the fund and purpose of the fund.

The general fund is used primarily for the education program. Special revenue funds are used to account for monies restricted to a specific use by law. Proprietary funds account for operations of the school district operated similar to private business, and they account for the costs of providing goods and services provided by one department to other departments on a cost reimbursement basis. Fiduciary funds are used to account for monies or assets held by the school district on behalf of, or in trust for, another entity. The account groups are the accounting records for fixed assets and long-term debt.

It shall be the responsibility of the superintendent to implement this policy and bring necessary changes in the maintenance of the school district's financial records to the attention of the board.

Legal Reference:

lowa Code §§ 11.23; 298A (1997).

Cross Reference:

704 Revenue 705 Expenditures

Approved <u>9/18/03</u>

Reviewed <u>10/17/16</u>

CASH IN SCHOOL BUILDINGS

A minimal amount of cash shall be kept in the central administration office at the close of the day. Excess cash shall be deposited in the authorized depository of the school district.

It shall be the responsibility of the superintendent to determine the amount of cash necessary for each day's operations and to comply with this policy.

Legal Reference:	lowa Code § 279.8 (1995).
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Cross Reference:

701.1 Depository of Funds704 Revenue

Approved <u>9/18/03</u>

Reviewed <u>10/17/16</u>

BUDGET PLANNING

Prior to certification of the budget, the board will review the projected revenues and expenditures for the school district and make adjustments where necessary to carry out the education program within the revenues projected.

A budget for the school district shall be prepared annually for the board's review. The budget shall include the following:

- the amount of revenues from sources other than taxation;
- the amount of revenues to be raised by taxation;
- an itemization of the amount to be spent in each fund; and,
- a comparison of the amount spent and revenue received in each fund for like purposes in the two prior fiscal years.

It shall be the responsibility of the superintendent to prepare the budget for review by the board prior to the April 15 deadline each year.

Prior to the adoption of the proposed budget by the board, the public shall be apprised of the proposed budget for the school district. Prior to the adoption of the proposed budget by the board, members of the school district community shall have an opportunity to review and comment on the proposed budget. A public hearing for the proposed budget of the board shall be held each year in sufficient time to file the adopted budget no later than April 15.

The proposed budget filed by the board with the board secretary and the time and place for the public hearing on the proposed budget shall be published in a newspaper designated for official publication in the school district. It shall be the responsibility of the board secretary to publish the proposed budget and public hearing information at least ten days prior to the public hearing.

The board shall adopt and certify a budget for the operation of the school district to the county auditor by April 15. It shall be the responsibility of the board secretary to file the adopted and certified budget with the county auditor and other proper authorities.

The board may amend the budget for the fiscal year in the event of unforeseen circumstances. The amendment procedures shall follow the procedures for public review and adoption of the original budget by the board outlined in these policies.

It shall be the responsibility of the superintendent and the board secretary to bring any budget amendments necessary to the attention of the board to allow sufficient time to file the amendment with the county auditor no later than May 31 of each year.

Legal Reference: Iowa Code §§ 24; 257; 279.8; 297; 298; 618 (1995).

Cross Reference:

- 214 Public Hearings
- 703 Budget
- 704 Revenue
- 705 Expenditures

Approved <u>9/18/03</u>

Reviewed 10/17/16

SPENDING PLAN

The budget of the school district shall be the authority for the expenditures of the school district for the fiscal year for which the budget was adopted and certified. It shall be the responsibility of the superintendent to operate the school district within the budget.

Legal Reference: Iowa Code § 24.9 (1995).

Cross Reference:

703 Budget704 Revenue

Approved <u>9/18/03</u>

Reviewed <u>10/17/16</u>

LOCAL - STATE - FEDERAL - MISCELLANEOUS REVENUE

Revenues of the school district shall be received by the board treasurer. Other persons receiving revenues on behalf of the school district shall promptly turn them over to the board treasurer.

Revenue, from whatever source, shall be accounted for and classified under the official accounting system of the school district. It shall be the responsibility of the board treasurer to deposit the revenues received by the school district in a timely manner. School district funds from all sources shall not be used for private gain or political purposes.

Tuition fees received by the school district shall be deposited in the general fund. The tuition fees for kindergarten through twelfth grade during the regular academic school year shall be set by the board based upon the superintendent's recommendation in compliance with current law. Tuition fees for summer school, driver's education and adult education shall be set by the board prior to the offering of the programs.

The board may charge materials fees for the use or purchase of educational materials. Materials fees received by the school district shall be deposited in the general fund. It shall be the responsibility of the superintendent to recommend to the board when materials fees will be charged and the amount of the materials fees.

Rental fees received by the school district for the rental of school district equipment or facilities shall be deposited in the general fund. It shall be the responsibility of the superintendent to recommend to the board a fee schedule for renting school district property.

Proceeds from the sale of real property shall be placed in the schoolhouse fund. The proceeds from the sale of other school district property shall be placed in the general fund.

The board may claim exemption from the law prohibiting competition with private enterprise for the following activities:

- · Goods and services directly and reasonably related to the educational mission;
- Goods and services offered only to students, employees or guests which cannot be provided by private enterprise at the same or lower cost;
- Use of vehicles for charter trips offered to the public, full- or part-time, or temporary students;
- Goods and services which are not otherwise available in the quantity or quality required by the school district;
- Telecommunications other than radio or television stations;
- Sponsoring or providing facilities for fitness and recreation;
- · Food service and sales; and,
- · Sale of books, records, tapes, software, educational equipment, and supplies.

It shall be the responsibility of the superintendent to bring to the board's attention additional sources of revenue for the school district.

Legal Reference: lowa Code §§ 12C; 23A; 257.2; 279.8; 282.2, .6, .24; 291.12, .13; 297.9-.12, .22; 301.1 (1995).

Cross Reference:

- 701.1 Depository of Funds 703 Budget
 - 803 Selling and Leasing
 - 905 Use of School District Facilities & Equipment

Approved <u>9/18/03</u>

Reviewed 10/17/16

SALE OF BONDS

The board may conduct an election for the authority to issue bonded indebtedness. Revenues generated from an approved bond issue shall be used only for the purpose stated on the ballot. Once the purpose on the ballot is completed, any balance remaining in a capital projects fund may be retained for future capital projects in accordance with the purpose stated on the ballot or any remaining balance may be transferred by board resolution to the debt service fund or the physical plant and equipment levy fund. Voter approval is required to transfer monies to the general fund from the capital projects fund.

Revenues received from the issuing of bonded indebtedness shall be deposited into the capital projects fund.

Legal Reference Iowa Code §§ 74-76; 278.1; 298; 298A (1997).

Cross Reference:

701 Financial Accounting System704 Revenue

Approved <u>9/18/03</u>

Reviewed <u>10/17/16</u>

INVESTMENTS

School district funds in excess of current needs shall be invested in compliance with this policy. The goals of the school district's investment portfolio in order of priority are:

- To provide safety of the principal;
- To maintain the necessary liquidity to match expected liabilities; and
- To obtain a reasonable rate of return.

In making investments, the school district shall exercise the care, skill, prudence and diligence under the circumstances then prevailing that a prudent person acting in a like capacity and familiar with such matters would use to meet the goals of the investment program.

School district funds are monies of the school district, including operating funds. "Operating funds" of the school district are funds which are reasonably expected to be used during a current budget year or within fifteen months of receipt. When investing operating funds, the investments must mature within three hundred and ninety-seven days or less. When investing funds other than operating funds, the investments must mature according to the need for the funds.

The board authorizes the treasurer to invest funds in excess of current needs in the following investments.

- Interest bearing savings, money market, and checking accounts at the school district's authorized depositories;
- Iowa Schools Joint Investment Trust Program (ISJIT);
- Obligations of the United States government, its agencies and instrumentalities; and,
- Certificates of deposit and other evidences of deposit at federally insured lowa depository institutions.

It shall be the responsibility of the treasurer to oversee the investment portfolio in compliance with this policy and the law.

It shall be the responsibility of the treasurer to bring a contract with an outside person to invest school district funds, to advise on investments, to direct investments, to act in a fiduciary capacity or to perform other services to the board for review and approval. The treasurer shall also provide the board with information about and verification of the outside person's fiduciary bond. Contracts with outside persons shall include a clause requiring the outside person to notify the school district within thirty days of any material weakness in internal structure or regulatory orders or sanctions against the outside person regarding the services being provided to the school district and to provide the documents necessary for the performance of the investment portion of the school district audit. The compensation of the outside persons shall not be based on the performance of the investment portfolio.

Approved <u>9/18/03</u>

Reviewed <u>10/17/16</u>

INVESTMENTS (2)

The treasurer shall be responsible for reporting to and reviewing with the board at its regular meetings the investment portfolio's performance, transaction activity and current investments including the percent of the investment portfolio by type of investment and by issuer and maturities. The report shall also include trend lines by month over the last year and year-to-year trend lines regarding the performance of the investment portfolio. It shall also be the responsibility of the treasurer to obtain the information necessary to ensure that the investments and the outside persons doing business with the school district meet the requirements outlined in this policy.

It shall be the responsibility of the superintendent to deliver a copy of this policy to the school district's depositories, auditor and outside persons doing investment business with the school district.

It shall also be the responsibility of the superintendent, in conjunction with the treasurer, to develop a system of investment practices and internal controls over the investment practices. The investment practices shall be designed to prevent losses, to document the officers' and employees' responsibility for elements of the investment process and address the capability of the management.

Legal Reference:	lowa Code §§ 11.2, .6; 12.62; 12B.10; 12C; 22.1, .14; 28E.2; 257; 279.29; 283A; 285; 502.701; 633.123 (1995).
Cross Reference:	206.4 Treasurer 704 Revenue

Approved <u>9/18/03</u>

Reviewed <u>10/17/16</u>

GIFTS - GRANTS - BEQUESTS

The board believes gifts, grants, and bequests to the school district may be accepted when they will further the interests of the school district. The board shall have sole authority to determine whether the gift furthers the interests of the school district.

Gifts, grants, and bequests shall be approved by the board. Once it has been approved by the board, a board member or the superintendent may accept the gift on behalf of the school district.

Gifts, grants, and bequests once accepted on behalf of the school district shall become the property of the school district. Gifts, grants, and bequests shall be administered in accordance with terms, if any, agreed to by the board.

Legal herence.	10 wa code $33 273.42, 505.0 (1335).$	

Cross Reference:	217 Gifts to Board of Directors
	402.4 Gifts to Employees
	508.1 Class or Student Group Gifts

Approved <u>9/18/03</u>

Logal Reference:

Reviewed <u>10/17/16</u>

Lowa Code && 270 12: 565 6 (1005)

STUDENT ACTIVITIES FUND

Revenue raised by students or from student activities shall be deposited and accounted for in the student activities fund. This revenue is the property of and shall be under the financial control of the board. Students may use this revenue for purposes approved by the building principal.

Whether such revenue is collected from student contributions, club dues, and special activities or result from admissions to special events or from other fund-raising activities, all funds will be under the jurisdiction of the board and under the specific control of the building principal. They will be deposited in a designated depository and will be disbursed and accounted for in accordance with instructions issued by the superintendent.

It shall be the responsibility of the board secretary to keep student activity accounts up-to-date and complete.

Any unencumbered class or activity account balances will automatically revert to the general fund of the school when a class graduates or an activity is discontinued.

Legal Reference:	lowa Code §§ 11.23; 279.8 (1995).

Cross Reference:

504 Student Activities701 Financial Accounting System

Approved <u>9/18/03</u>

Reviewed 10/17/16

PURCHASING - BIDDING

The board supports economic development in Iowa. Purchases by the school district will be made in Iowa for Iowa goods and services from a locally-owned business located within the school district or from an Iowa-based company which offers these goods or services if the cost and other considerations are relatively equal and they meet the required specifications.

Prior to August 15 of each year and after analyzing the school district's anticipated procurement level for the current fiscal year, the school board shall set a goal of ten percent of the anticipated procurement level to be purchased from certified targeted small businesses. In determining the procurement level, the cost of utilities (heat, electricity, telephone and natural gas) and employees' costs shall not be included. After the goal has been established, the superintendent shall file the required Targeted Small Business Procurement form with the Department of Education by August 15.

By July 31 of each year, the superintendent shall file a report with the Department of Education outlining purchases of goods and services from targeted small businesses for the previous fiscal year.

The school board and superintendent shall encourage targeted small businesses which are not certified with the Department of Inspections and Appeals to become certified targeted small businesses.

It shall be the responsibility of the superintendent to approve purchases, except those authorized by or requiring direct board action. The superintendent may coordinate and combine purchases with other governmental bodies to take advantage of volume price breaks. Joint purchases with other political subdivisions will be considered in the purchase of equipment, accessories or attachments with an estimated cost of \$50,000 or more.

The superintendent shall have the authority to authorize purchases without competitive bids for goods and services costing under \$10,000 without prior board approval. For goods and services costing more than \$10,000 and less than \$25,000, the superintendent shall receive quotes of the goods and services to be purchased prior to approval of the board. Competitive sealed bids are required for purchases, other than emergency purchases, for goods and services that cost \$25,000 or more, including construction contracts and school buses.

The purchase will be made from the lowest responsible bidder based upon total cost considerations including, but not limited to, the cost of the goods and services being purchased, availability of service and/or repair, delivery date, the targeted small business procurement goal and other factors deemed relevant by the board.

Approved <u>11/13/03</u>

Reviewed <u>10/17/16</u>

Revised 10/17/11

Code No. 705.1 Page 2 of 2

PURCHASING - BIDDING

The board and the superintendent shall have the right to reject any or all bids, or any part thereof, and to re-advertise. If it is determined that a targeted small business which bid on the project may be unable to perform the contract, the superintendent shall notify the Department of Economic Development. The board will enter into such contract or contracts as the board deems in the best interests of the school district.

Legal Reference:	lowa Code §§ 18.6(9); 23A; 28E.20; 72.3; 73; 73A; 285.10(3), .10(7); 301 (2003). 261 I.A.C. 54. 281 I.A.C. 43.25. 481 I.A.C. 25. 1984 Op. Att'y Gen. 115. 1974 Op. Att'y Gen. 171.

Cross Reference:	705 Expenditures
	801.4 Site Acquisition
	802 Maintenance, Operation and Management
	803 Selling and Leasing

Approved <u>11/13/03</u>

Reviewed 10/17/16

Revised 10/17/11

PURCHASING ON BEHALF OF EMPLOYEES

Generally, the school district shall not purchase items on behalf of employees. The school district may in unusual and unique circumstances do so. It shall be within the discretion of the board to determine when unique and unusual circumstances exist.

No purchase shall be made unless the employee has paid the school district prior to the order being placed and the employee has agreed to be responsible for any taxes or other expenses due.

Legal Reference:	lowa Code § 279.8 (1	995).
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Cross Reference: 703 Budget

Approved <u>11/13/03</u>

Reviewed 10/17/16

PURCHASING – FEDERAL PROCUREMENT POLICY

Purpose

The purpose of this procurement policy is to ensure that sound business judgment is utilized in all procurement transactions and that supplies, equipment, construction and services are obtained efficiently and economically and in compliance with applicable federal and state law and executive orders and to ensure that al procurement transactions will be conducted in a manner that provides full and open competition.

Application

This policy applies to the procurement of all supplies, equipment, and construction and services of and for Rudd-Rockford-Marble Rock CSD that include any federal program funding. In regards to any such federal programs, all procurement will be done in accordance with 2 CFR; Part 200. Chapter 26 and Section 331.341 of the Iowa Code will be followed on all applicable purchases. All other appropriate sections of the Iowa Code shall also apply.

Policy Methods of Procurement

Procurement under grants shall be made by one of the following methods, as described herein: (a) small purchase procedures; (b) sealed bids (formal advertising); (c) competitive proposals; (d) noncompetitive proposals.

- A. Small purchase procedures are relatively simple and informal procurement methods that are sound and appropriate for the procurement of services, supplies, or other property, costing in aggregate not more than \$100,000 (\$150,000 for federal programs). If small purchase procedures are used for procurement under a grant, price or rate quotations (minimum of 2) shall be obtained from an adequate number of qualified sources.
- B. In sealed bids (formal advertising), sealed bids are publicly solicited and a firm-fixed-price contract (lump sum or unit price) is awarded to the responsible bidder whose bid, conforming with all the material terms and conditions of the invitation for bids, is the lowest in price. The sealed bids method is the preferred method for procuring construction.
- 1. In order for sealed bidding to be feasible, appropriate conditions must be present, including, at a minimum the following;
 - (a) A complete, adequate and realistic specification or purchase description is available;
 - (b) Two or more responsible bidders are willing and able to compare effectively for Rudd-Rockford-Marble Rock CSD businesses; and
 - (c) The procurement lends itself to a firm-fixed-price contract, and the selection of the successful bidder can be made principally on the bases of price.
- 2. When sealed bids are used for a procurement under a grant, the following requirements apply:
 - (a) A sufficient time prior to the date set for opening of bids, bids shall be solicited (publically advertised) from an adequate number of known suppliers;

- (b) The invitation for bids, including specifications and pertinent attachments, shall clearly define the items or services needed in order for the bidders to properly respond to the invitation for bids;
- (c) All bids shall be opened publicly at the time and place stated in the invitation for bids;
- (d) A firm-fixed-contract award shall be made by written notice to that responsible bidder whose bid, conforming to the invitation for bids, is lowest. Where specified in the bidding documents, factors such as discounts, transportation costs, and life cycle costs shall be considered in determining which bid is lowest. Payment discounts may only be used to determine low bid when prior experience of Rudd-Rockford-Marble Rock CSD indicates that such discounts are generally taken; and
- (e) Any or all bids may be rejected if there are sound documented business reasons in the best interest of the program.
- C. Procurement by competitive proposals is normally conducted with more than one source submitting an offer, and either a fixed-price or cost-reimbursement type contract is awarded, as appropriate. Competitive proposals are generally used when conditions are not appropriate for the use of sealed bids. If the competitive proposals method is used for a procurement under a grant, the following requirements apply:
 - 1. Requests for Proposals shall be publicized and identify all evaluation factors and their relative importance. Any response to publicized requests for proposals shall be considered to the maximum extent practical;
 - 2. Requests for Proposals shall be solicited from an adequate number qualified sources;
 - 3. Rudd-Rockford-Marble Rock CSD shall have a written method for conducting evaluations of the proposals received and for selecting awardees;
 - 4. Awards will be made to the responsible offer or whose proposal will be most advantageous to Rudd-Rockford-Marble Rock CSD, with price (other than architectural/engineering) and other factors considered. Unsuccessful offers' will be promptly notified in writing; and
 - 5. Rudd-Rockford-Marble Rock CSD may use competitive proposal procedures for qualifications-based procurement of architectural/engineering (A/E) professional services whereby competitors qualifications are evaluated and the most qualified competitor is selected, subject to negotiation of fair and reasonable compensation. The method, where price is not used as a selection factor, can only be used in the procurement of A/E professional services. It cannot be used to procure other types of services (e.g., administration professional services) even though A/E firms are a potential source to perform the proposed effort.
- D. Procurement by noncompetitive proposals is procurement through solicitation of a proposal from only one source. Circumstances under which a contract may be awarded by noncompetitive proposals are limited to one or more of the following:
 - 1. The item is available from only a single source;
 - 2. After solicitation of a number sources, competition is determined inadequate;
 - 3. A public exigency or emergency exists when the urgency for the requirement will not permit a delay incident to competitive solicitation; or
 - 4. The awarding agency authorizes noncompetitive proposals. (Sole source procurement for supplies, equipment, construction, and services valued at \$25,000 or more must have prior approval of the awarding agency.)
- E. Rudd Rockford Marble Rock CSD will take affirmative steps to assure, to the greatest extent possible, that contracts are awarded to qualified small and minority firms, women's business enterprises, and labor surplus area firms whenever they are potential sources.

These affirmative steps must include:

a. Placing qualified small and minority businesses and women's business enterprises on solicitation lists;

b. Assuring that small and minority businesses, and women's business enterprises are solicited whenever they are potential sources;

c. Dividing total requirements, when economically feasible, into smaller tasks or quantities to permit maximum participation by small and minority businesses, and women's business enterprises;

d. Establishing delivery schedules, where the requirement permits, which encourage participation by small and minority businesses, and women's business enterprises;

e. Using the services and assistance, as appropriate, of such organizations as the Small Business Administration and the Minority Business Development Agency of the Department of Commerce; and

f. Requiring the prime contractor, if subcontractors are to be let, to take the affirmative steps listed in paragraphs (a) through (e).

Contract Pricing

- A. The cost plus a percentage of cost and percentage of construction cost method of contracting shall not be used.
- B. Rudd-Rockford-Marble Rock CSD shall perform some form of cost/price analysis for every procurement action, including modifications, amendments or change orders. Rudd-Rockford-Marble Rock CSD shall make an independent estimate prior to receiving a bid or proposal.
- C. Rudd-Rockford-Marble Rock CSD shall negotiate profit as a separate element of the price for each contract in which there is no price competition and in all cases where cost analysis is performed. In determining a fair and reasonable profit, Rudd-Rockford-Marble Rock CSD must consider the complexity of the work to be performed, the risk borne by the contractor, the contractor's investment, the amount of subcontracting, the quality of its record of past performance and the industry profit rates in the surrounding geographical area.

Procurement Records

Rudd-Rockford-Marble Rock CSD shall maintain records sufficient to detail the significant history of a procurement, including the rationale for the method of procurement, selection of contract type, contractor selection or rejection, and the basis for the contract price.

Awarded Contracts

- A. Rudd-Rockford-Marble Rock CSD will not award a contract to a party listed as debarred, suspended, or otherwise excluded in the System for Award Management (SAM).
- B. Any contracts awarded shall comply with 2 CFR 200.326 and Appendix II to Part 200.

Cross Reference: 705 Expenditures 801.4 Site Acquisition

802 Maintenance, Operation and Management803 Selling and Leasing

Approved 08/20/18

Reviewed <u>08/20/18</u>

PAYMENT FOR GOODS AND SERVICES

The board authorizes the issuance of payment of claims against the school district for goods and services. The board will allow the payment_after the goods and services have been received and accepted in compliance with board policy.

The board authorizes the board secretary, upon approval of the superintendent, to issue payment for verified bills, for reasonable and necessary expenses, when the board is not in session. The board secretary will examine the claims and verify bills. The board will approve payment for the bills at the board's regular board meeting.

The secretary shall determine to the secretary's satisfaction that the claims presented to the board are in order and are legitimate expenses of the school district. It shall be the responsibility of the secretary to bring claims to the board.

The board president and board secretary may sign warrants by use of a signature plate or rubber stamp. If the board president is unavailable to personally sign warrants, the vice president may sign warrants on behalf of the president.

It shall be the responsibility of the superintendent to develop the administrative regulations regarding this policy.

Legal Reference:	Love v. City of Des Moines, 210 Iowa 90, 230 N.W. 373 (1930). Iowa Code §§ 279.8, .29, .30, .36; 291.12; 721.2(5) (2005). 281 I.A.C. 12.3(1). 1980 Op. Att'y Gen. 102, 160, 720. 1976 Op. Att'y Gen. 69. 1972 Op. Att'y Gen. 130, 180, 392, 456, 651. 1936 Op. Att'y Gen. 375.
Cross Reference:	705 Expenditures

Approved <u>11/13/03</u>

Reviewed 10/17/16

Revised 12/18/06

PAYROLL PERIODS

The payroll period for the school district shall be monthly. Employees shall be paid on the twentieth day of each month. If this day is a holiday, recess, or weekend, the payroll shall be paid on the last working day prior to the holiday, recess or weekend.

It shall be the responsibility of the board secretary to issue payroll to employees in compliance with this policy.

The requirements stated in the Master Contract between employees in a certified collective bargaining unit and the board regarding payroll periods of such employees shall be followed.

Legal Reference:	lowa Code §§ 20.9; 91A.2(4), .3	(1995).
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Cross Reference: 706.2 Payroll Deductions

Approved <u>11/13/03</u>

Reviewed 10/17/16

PAYROLL DEDUCTIONS

Ease of administration shall be the primary consideration for payroll deductions, other than those required by law. Payroll deductions shall be made for federal income tax withholdings, lowa income tax withholdings, social security, and the lowa Public Employees' Retirement System.

Employees may elect to have payments withheld for professional dues, district-related and mutually agreed upon group insurance coverage, and/or tax sheltered annuity programs. Requests for these deductions shall be made in writing to the superintendent. Requests for purchase or change of tax-sheltered annuities may be made by September 5.

It shall be the responsibility of the superintendent to determine which additional payroll deductions will be allowed.

The requirements stated in the Master Contract between employees in a certified collective bargaining unit and the board regarding payroll deductions of such employees shall be followed.

Legal Reference:	Iowa Code §§ 91A.2(4), .3; 294.89, .1516; 422 (1995).
Cross Reference:	406.6 Licensed Employee Tax Shelter Programs412.4 Classified Employee Tax Shelter Programs706.1 Payroll Periods

Approved <u>11/13/03</u>

Reviewed <u>10/17/16</u>

PAY DEDUCTIONS

The district provides leaves of absences to allow employees to be absent from work to attend to important matters outside of the workplace. As public employers, school districts are expected to record and monitor the work that employees perform and to conform to principles of public accountability in their compensation practices.

Consistent with principles of public accountability, it the policy of the district that, when an employee is absent from work for less than one work day and the employee does not use accrued leave for such absence, the employee's pay will be reduced or the employee will be placed on leave without pay if:

- The employee has not sought permission to use paid leave for this partial-day leave,
- The employee has sought permission to use paid leave for this partial-day absence and permission has been denied,
- The employee's accrued paid leave has been exhausted, or
- The employee chooses to use leave without pay.

In each case in which an employee is absent from work for part of a work day, a deduction from compensation will be made or the employee will be placed on leave without pay for a period of time which is equal to the employee's absence from the employee's regularly scheduled hours of work on that day.

Legal Reference:	.C. Sec. 213(a) ? Part 541
Cross References:	Licensed Employee Unpaid Leave Classified Employee Unpaid Leave

Approved <u>12/9/04</u>

Reviewed <u>10/17/16</u>

PAY DEDUCTION REGULATION

The district complies with all applicable laws with respect to payment of wages and benefits to employees including laws such as the federal Fair Labor Standards Act and the Iowa Wage Payment Collection Act. The district will not make pay deductions that violate either the federal or state laws.

Any employee who believes that the district has made an inappropriate deduction or has failed to make proper payment regarding wages or benefits is encouraged to immediately consult with the appropriate supervisor. Alternatively, any employee may file a formal written complaint with the Superintendent. Within 15 business days of receiving the complaint, Superintendent will make a determination as to whether the pay deductions were appropriate and provide the employee with a written response that may include reimbursement for any pay deductions that were not appropriately made.

This complaint procedure is available in addition to any other complaint process that also may be available to employees.

Reviewed <u>10/17/16</u>

SECRETARY'S REPORTS

The board secretary shall report to the board each month about the receipts, disbursements and balances of the various funds. This report shall be in written form and sent to the board with the agenda for the board meeting.

Legal Reference: Iowa Code §§ 279.8; 291.7 (1995).

Cross Reference:

206.3 Secretary210.1 Annual Meeting707 Fiscal Reports

Approved <u>11/13/03</u>

Reviewed <u>10/17/16</u>

TREASURER'S ANNUAL REPORT

At the annual meeting, the treasurer shall give the annual report stating the amount held over, received, paid out, and on hand in the general and schoolhouse funds. This report shall be in written form and sent to the board with the agenda for the board meeting. The treasurer shall also furnish the board with a sworn statement from each depository showing the balance then on deposit.

It shall be the responsibility of the treasurer to submit this report to the board annually.

Legal Reference: Iowa Code §§ 279.31, .33 (1995).

Cross Reference:

206.4 Treasurer210.1 Annual Meeting707 Fiscal Reports

Approved <u>11/13/03</u>

Reviewed <u>10/17/16</u>

PUBLICATION OF FINANCIAL REPORTS

Each month the schedule of bills allowed by the board shall be published in a newspaper designated as a newspaper for official publication. Annually, the total salaries paid to employees regularly employed by the school district shall also be published in a newspaper designated as a newspaper for official publication.

It shall be the responsibility of the board secretary to publish these reports in a timely manner.

Legal Reference: Iowa Code § 279.35, .36; 618 (1995). 1952 Op. Att'y Gen. 133.

Cross Reference: 206

206.3 Secretary

Approved <u>11/13/03</u>

Reviewed <u>10/17/16</u>

<u>AUDIT</u>

To review the funds and accounts of the school district, the board shall employ an auditor to perform an annual audit of the financial affairs of the school district. The superintendent shall use a request for proposal procedure in selecting an auditor. The administration shall cooperate with the auditors.

Legal Reference:	lowa Code § 11.6 (1995).
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Cross Reference:

701 Financial Accounting System707 Fiscal Reports

Approved <u>11/13/03</u>

Reviewed <u>10/17/16</u>

CARE, MAINTENANCE AND DISPOSAL OF SCHOOL DISTRICT RECORDS

School district records shall be housed in the central administration office of the school district. It shall be the responsibility of the superintendent to oversee the maintenance and accuracy of the records. The following records shall be kept and preserved according to the schedule below:

• •	Secretary's financial records Treasurer's financial records Minutes of the Board of Directors	Permanently Permanently Permanently
•	Annual audit reports Annual budget	Permanently Permanently
•	Permanent record of individual pupil	Permanently
•	Records of payment of judgments against the school district	20 years
•	Bonds and bond coupons	10 years
•	Written contracts	10 years
•	Cancelled warrants, check stubs, bank	
	statements, bills, invoices, and related records	5 years
•	Recordings of closed meetings	1 year
•	Program grants	As determined by the grant
•	Non-payroll personnel records	7 years
•	Payroll records	3 years

Employees' records shall be housed in the central administration office of the school district. The employees' records shall be maintained by the superintendent, the building administrator, the employee's immediate supervisor, and the board secretary.

An inventory of the furniture, equipment, and other non-consumable items other than real property of the school district shall be conducted annually under the supervision of the superintendent. This report shall be filed with the board secretary.

A perpetual inventory shall be maintained on consumable property of the school district.

The permanent and cumulative records of students currently enrolled in the school district shall be housed in the central administration office of the attendance center where the student attends. Permanent records must be housed in a fireproof vault. The building administrator shall be responsible for keeping these records current. Records of students who have graduated or are no longer enrolled in the school district shall be housed in the central office store room in a fireproof file. These records will be maintained by the superintendent.

The superintendent may microfilm or microfiche school district records and may destroy paper copies of the records if they are more than three years old. A properly authenticated reproduction of a microfilmed record meets the same legal requirements as the original record.

Legal Reference:	<u>City of Sioux City v. Greater Sioux City Press Club.</u> 421 N.W.2d 895 (Iowa 1988). <u>City of Dubuque v. Telegraph Herald, Inc.</u> , 297 N.W.2d 523 (Iowa 1980). Iowa Code §§ 22.3, .7; 279.8, .15, .16; 304 (1995). 281 I.A.C. 12.3(6).
Cross Reference:	 206.3 Secretary 215 Board of Directors' Records 401.5 Employee Records 506 Student Records 901 Public Examination of School District Records

Approved <u>11/13/03</u>

Reviewed <u>10/17/16</u>

INSURANCE PROGRAM

The board will maintain a comprehensive insurance program to provide adequate coverage against major types of risk, loss, or damage, as well as legal liability. The board will purchase insurance at replacement values, when possible, after reviewing the costs and availability of such insurance. The comprehensive insurance program shall be reviewed once every three years. Insurance will only be purchased through legally licensed lowa insurance agents.

The school district will assume the risk of property damage, legal liability, and dishonesty in cases in which the exposure is so small or dispersed that a loss does not significantly affect the operation of the education program or financial condition of the school district.

Insurance of buildings, structures, or property in the open will not generally be purchased to cover loss exposures below \$1,000.00 unless such insurance is required by statute or contract.

The board may retain a private organization for fixed assets management services.

Administration of the insurance program, making recommendations for additional insurance coverage, placing the insurance coverage and loss prevention activities shall be the responsibility of the superintendent. The fixed assets manager shall be responsible for maintaining the fixed assets management system, processing claims and maintaining loss records.

Legal Reference:	lowa Code §§ 20.9; 85.2; 279.12, .28; 285.5(6), .10(6); 296.7; 298A; 517A.1; 670.7 (1997).
	1974 Op. Att'y Gen. 171.
	1972 Op. Att'y Gen. 676.

Cross Reference: 205 Board Member Liability 804 Safety Program

Approved <u>11/13/03</u>

Reviewed <u>10/17/16</u>

SCHOOL FOOD PROGRAM

The school district will operate a school nutrition program in each attendance center. The school nutrition program will include meals through participation in the National School Lunch Program. Students may bring their lunches from home and purchase milk and other incidental items.

School nutrition program facilities are provided to serve students and employees when school is in session and during school-related activities. They may also be used under the supervision of the director of food service to employee groups, parent-teacher meetings, civic organizations meeting for the purpose of better understanding the schools, and senior citizens in accordance with law and board policy.

The school nutrition program is operated on a nonprofit basis. The revenues of the school nutrition program will be used only for the operation or improvement of such programs. Supplies of the school nutrition program will only be used for the school nutrition program.

The board will set, and annually review, the prices for school nutrition programs. It is the responsibility of the superintendent to make a recommendation regarding the prices of the school nutrition programs, in accordance with federal and state law.

It is the responsibility of the director of food service to administer the program and to cooperate with the superintendent and appropriate personnel for the proper functioning of the school nutrition program.

Legal Reference:	42 U.S.C. §§ 1751 et seq. (1988).
-	7 C.F.R. Pt. 210 et seq. (1993).
	lowa Code ch. 283A (1995).
	281 I.A.C. 58.

Cross Reference:	710 School Food Services
	905 Use of School District Facilities and Equipment

Approved <u>12/11/03</u>

Reviewed <u>4/17/17</u>

Revised <u>5/16/17</u>

FREE OR REDUCED COST MEALS ELIGIBILITY

Students enrolled and attending school in the school district who meet USDA eligibility guidelines will be provided the school nutrition program services at no cost or at a reduced price. The school district will make every effort to eliminate any social stigma attached to, and prevent the overt identification of, students who are eligible for free and reduced price meals.

The district shall annually notify all families of the availability, eligibility criteria, and application procedures for free and reduced price meals in accordance with state and federal law. It is the responsibility of the director of foot service to determine the eligibility of students for free or reduced price school nutrition programs, in accordance with criteria established by state and federal law. If school personnel have knowledge of a student who is in need of free or reduced-price meals, school personnel shall contact the director of food service.

Employees, students not qualified for free meals and others will be required to pay for meals consumed.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent to develop administrative regulations for implementing this policy.

Legal Reference:	42 U.S.C. §§ 1751 et seq. (1988).
	7 C.F.R. Pt. 210 et seq. (1993).
	lowa Code ch. 283A (1995).
	281 I.A.C. 58.

Cross Reference:	710.1 School Nutrition Program
	710.3 Vending Machines
	710.4 Meal Charge Policy

Approved <u>12/11/03</u>

Reviewed <u>4/17/17</u>

Revised 5/16/17

VENDING MACHINES

Food served or purchased by students during the school day and food served or purchased for other than special circumstances shall be approved by the superintendent. Vending machines in the school building shall be the responsibility of the building principal. Purchases from the vending machines, other than juice machines, shall not be made during the lunch periods.

It shall be the responsibility of the superintendent to develop administrative regulations for the use of vending machines and other sales of food to students.

Legal Reference:	42 U.S.C. §§ 1751 et seq. (1988). 7 C.F.R. Pt. 210 et seq. (1993). Iowa Code ch. 283A (1995). 281 I.A.C. 58.	
Cross Reference:	504.5 Student Fund Raising 710 School Food Services	
Approved 12/11/03	Reviewed 10/17/16	Revise

Revised Reviewed 10/17/16

MEAL CHARGES

In accordance with state and federal law, the Rudd-Rockford-Marble Rock CSD adopts the following policy to ensure school district employees, families, and students have a shared understanding of expectations regarding meal charges. The policy seeks to allow students to receive the nutrition they need to stay focused during the school day, prevent the overt identification of students with insufficient funds to pay for school meals, and maintain the financial integrity of the nonprofit school nutrition program.

Payment of Meals

Students have use of a meal account. When the balance reaches \$0.00 a student may charge no more than \$10.00 to this account. When an account reaches this limit, a student shall not be allowed to charge further meals or a la carte items until the negative account balance is paid. Families may add money to student accounts through RevTrak or paying at the school office.

Students who qualify for free meals shall never be denied a reimbursable meal, even if they have accrued a negative balance from previous purchases. Students with outstanding meal charge debt shall be allowed to purchase a meal if the student pays for the meal when it is received. (The school district may provide an alternate meal that meets federal and state requirements to students who have charged the maximum allowance to the student account and cannot pay out of pocket for a meal).

Employees may use a charge account for meals, but may charge no more than \$10.00 to this account. When an account reaches this limit, an employee shall not be allowed to charge further meals or a la carte items until the negative account balance is paid.

Negative Account Balances

The school district will make reasonable efforts to notify families when meal account balances are low. Additionally, the school district will make reasonable efforts to collect unpaid meal charges classified as delinquent debt. The school district will coordinate communications with families to resolve the matter of unpaid charges. Families will be notified of an outstanding negative balance once the negative balance reaches \$5.00. Families will be notified by email or by letters sent home. Negative balances of more than \$5.00, not paid prior to the end of the semester will be turned over to the superintendent or superintendent's designee for collection. Options may include: collection agencies, small claims court, or any other legal method permitted by law.

Communication of Policy

The policy and supporting information regarding meal charges shall be provided in writing to:

- * All households at or before the start of each school year;
- * Students and families who transfer into the district, at time of transfer,; and
- * All staff responsible for enforcing any aspect of the policy.

Records of how and when the policy and supporting information was communicated to households and staff will be retained.

The superintendent may develop an administrative process to implement this policy.

Legal Reference: 42 U.S.C. §§ 1751 et seq. 7 C.F.R. §§ 210 et seq. U.S. Dep't of Agric., SP 46-2016, Unpaid Meal Charges:
Local Meal Charge Policies (2016).

STUDENT SCHOOL TRANSPORTATION ELIGIBILITY

Elementary, middle and high school students living outside the corporate limits of Rockford shall be entitled to transportation to and from their attendance center at the expense of the school district.

Transportation of students who require special education services shall generally be provided as for other students, when appropriate. Specialized transportation of a student to and from a special education instructional service is a function of that service and, therefore, an appropriate expenditure of special education instructional funds generated through the weighting plan.

Transportation of a student to and from a special education support service is a function of that service, and shall be specified in the individualized education program or the individualized family service plan (IFSP). When the IEP team determines that unique transportation arrangements are required and the arrangements are specified in the IEP or IFSP, the school district will provide one or more of the following transportation arrangements for instructional services and the AEA for support services:

- Transportation from the student's residence to the location of the special education and back to the student's residence, or child care placement for students below the age of six.
- Special assistance or adaptations in getting the student to and from and on and off the vehicle, en route to and from the special education.
- Reimbursement of the actual costs of transportation when by mutual agreement the parents provide transportation for the student to and from the special education.

The school district is not required to provide reimbursement to parents who elect to provide transportation in lieu of agency-provided transportation.

A student may be required, at the board's discretion, to meet a school vehicle without reimbursement up to threefourths of a mile. The board may require the parent to transport their children up to two miles to connect with school bus vehicles at the expense of the school district when conditions deem it advisable. It shall be within the discretion of the board to determine such conditions. Parents of students who live where transportation by bus is impracticable or unavailable may be required to furnish transportation to and from the designated attendance center at the expense of the school district. Parents, who transport their children at the expense of the school district, shall be reimbursed at the rate per mile set by the state.

Transportation arrangements made by agreement with a neighboring school district shall follow the terms of the agreement. Students, who choose to attend a school in a school district other than their resident school district, shall provide transportation to and from the school at their own expense.

Legal Reference:	20 U.S.C. §§ 1401, 1701 et seq. (1988). 34 C.F.R. Pt. 300 et seq. (1993). Iowa Code §§ 256B.4; 285; 321 (1995). 281 I.A.C. <u>41.98</u> ; 43.
Cross Reference:	 501.16 Homeless Children and Youth 507.8 Student Special Health Services 603.3 Special Education 711 Transportation

STUDENT CONDUCT ON SCHOOL TRANSPORTATION

Students utilizing school transportation shall conduct themselves in an orderly manner fitting to their age level and maturity with mutual respect and consideration for the rights of the school vehicle driver and the other passengers. Students who fail to behave in an orderly manner will be subject to disciplinary measures.

The driver shall have the authority to maintain order on the school vehicle. It shall be the responsibility of the driver to report misconduct to the building administrator.

The board supports the use of video cameras on school buses used for transportation to and from school as well as for field trips, curricular or extracurricular events. The video cameras will be used to monitor student behavior and may be used as evidence in a student disciplinary proceeding. The videotapes are student records subject to school district confidentiality, board policy and administrative regulations.

After two warnings for bad conduct, the building principal shall have the authority to suspend transportation privileges of the student or impose other appropriate discipline. If in the opinion of the school administration, a single incident of behavior is severe enough (threatening students/driver), transportation may be suspended immediately for up to 10 days.

It shall be the responsibility of the superintendent, in conjunction with the building principal, to develop administrative regulations regarding student conduct and discipline when utilizing school district transportation.

Legal Reference:	lowa Code §§ 279.8; 285; 321 ((1995)
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Cross Reference:

503 Student Discipline 506 Student Records

Approved <u>12/11/03</u>

Reviewed <u>10/17/16</u>

STUDENT CONDUCT ON SCHOOL TRANSPORTATION REGULATION

All persons riding in school district vehicles shall adhere to the following rules. The driver, sponsor or chaperones are to follow the school bus discipline procedure for student violations of this policy. Video cameras may be in operation on the school buses.

- 1. Bus riders shall be at the designated loading point before the bus arrival time.
- 2. Bus riders shall wait until the bus comes to a complete stop before attempting to enter.
- 3. Riders must not extend arms or heads out of the windows at any time.
- 4. Aisles must be kept cleared at all times.
- 5. Riders shall load and unload through the right front door. The emergency door is for emergencies only.
- 6. A bus rider will depart from the bus at the designated point unless written permission to get off at a different location is given to the driver.
- 7. A rider may be assigned a seat by the driver.
- 8. Riders who damage seats or other equipment will reimburse the district for the cost of the repair or replacement.
- 9. Riders are not permitted to leave their seats while the vehicle is in motion.
- 10. Waste containers are provided on all buses for bus riders' use.
- 11. Permission to open windows must be obtained from the driver.
- 12. Classroom conduct is to be observed by students while riding the bus except for ordinary conversation.
- 13. The driver is in charge of the students and vehicle. The driver is to be obeyed promptly and cheerfully.
- 14. Students shall assist in looking after the safety and comfort of younger students.
- 15. A bus rider who must cross the roadway to board or depart from the bus shall pass in front of the bus (no closer than 10 feet), look in both directions and proceed to cross the road or highway only on signal from the driver.
- 16. Students shall not throw objects about the vehicle nor out through the windows.
- 17. Shooting paper wads, squirt guns or other material in the vehicle is not permitted.
- 18. Students shall keep feet off the seats.
- 19. Roughhousing in the vehicle is prohibited.
- 20. Students shall refrain from crowding or pushing.
- 21. The use or possession of alcohol, tobacco or look-alike substances is prohibited in the vehicle.
- 22. The Good Conduct Rule is in effect.

Reviewed 10/17/16

USE OF VIDEO CAMERAS ON SCHOOL BUSES REGULATION

The board supports the use of video cameras on school buses as a means to monitor and maintain a safe environment for students and employees. The video cameras may be used on buses used for transportation to and from school, field trips, curricular events and extracurricular events. The contents of the videotapes may be used as evidence in a student disciplinary proceeding.

Student Records

The content of the videotapes is a student record subject to board policy and administrative regulations regarding confidential student records. Only those persons with a legitimate educational purpose may view the videotapes. In most instances, those individuals with a legitimate educational purpose may be the superintendent, building principal, transportation director, bus driver and special education staffing team. A videotape recorded during a school-sponsored trip, such as an athletic event, may also be accessible to the sponsor or coach of the activity. If the content of the videotape becomes the subject of a student disciplinary proceeding, it may be treated like other evidence in the proceeding.

Notice

The school district will annually provide the following notice to students and parents:

The Rudd-Rockford-Marble Rock Community School District Board of Directors has authorized the use of video cameras on school district buses. The video cameras will be used to monitor student behavior to maintain order on the school buses to promote and maintain a safe environment. Students and parents are hereby notified that the content of the videotapes may be used in a student disciplinary proceeding. The content of the videotapes are confidential student records and will be retained with other student records. Videotapes will only be retained if necessary for use in a student disciplinary proceeding or other matter as determined necessary by the administration. Parents may request to view videotapes of their child if the videotapes are used in a disciplinary proceeding involving their child.

The following notice will also be placed on all school buses equipped with a video camera:

This bus is equipped with a video/audio monitoring system.

Review of Videotapes

The school district shall review videotapes randomly or when necessary as a result of an incident reported by a bus driver or student. The videotapes may be recirculated for erasure after fourteen days.

Viewing of videotapes is limited to the individuals having a legitimate educational purpose. A written log will be kept of those individuals viewing the videotapes stating the time, name of individual viewing and the date the videotape was viewed.

Video Monitoring System

Video cameras will be rotated randomly on school district buses.

Determination of how video cameras will be used and which school buses will be equipped with video equipment will be made by the superintendent in consultation with the building principals and transportation director.

Student Conduct

Students are prohibited from tampering with the video cameras on the school buses. Students found in violation of this regulation shall be disciplined in accordance with the school district discipline policy and Good Conduct Rule and shall reimburse the school district for any repairs or replacement necessary as a result of the tampering.

Approved <u>12/11/03</u>

Reviewed <u>10/17/16</u>

STUDENT TRANSPORTATION FOR EXTRACURRICULAR ACTIVITIES

The board in its discretion may provide school district transportation for extracurricular activities including, but not limited to, transporting student participants and other students to and from extracurricular events.

Students participating in extracurricular events, other than those held at the school district facilities, may be transported to the extracurricular event by school district transportation vehicles or by another means approved by the superintendent. Students attending extracurricular events, other than those held at the school district facilities may be transported to the extracurricular events.

Students, who are provided transportation in school district transportation vehicles for extracurricular events, shall ride both to and from the event in the school vehicle unless arrangements have been made with the building principal prior to the event. A student's parent may personally appear and request to transport the student home from a school-sponsored event in which the student traveled to the event on a school district transportation vehicle.

It shall be the responsibility of the superintendent to make a recommendation to the board annually as to whether the school district shall provide the transportation authorized in this policy. In making the recommendation to the board, the superintendent shall consider the financial condition of the school district, the number of students who would qualify for such transportation, and other factors the board or superintendent deem relevant.

Legal Reference:	lowa Code §§ 256B.4; 285.14; 321 (19 281 I.A.C. <u>41.98;</u> 43.	995).
Cross Reference:	504 Student Activities	
Approved 12/11/03	Reviewed 10/17/16 Re	vised

SUMMER SCHOOL PROGRAM TRANSPORTATION SERVICE

The school district may use school vehicles for transportation to and from summer extracurricular activities. The superintendent shall make a recommendation to the board annually regarding their use.

Transportation to and from the student's attendance center for summer school instructional programs shall be within the discretion of the board. It shall be the responsibility of the superintendent to make a recommendation regarding transportation of students in summer school instructional programs at the expense of the school district. In making the recommendation to the board, the superintendent shall consider the financial condition of the school district, the number of students involved in summer school programs, and other factors deemed relevant by the board or the superintendent.

Legal Reference:	lowa Code § 285.10 (1995). 281 I.A.C. 43.10.
Cross Reference:	603.2 Summer School Instruction 711 Transportation

Approved <u>12/11/03</u>

Reviewed <u>10/17/16</u>

TRANSPORTATION OF NONRESIDENT AND NONPUBLIC SCHOOL STUDENTS

The board has sole discretion to determine the method to be utilized for transporting nonresident and nonpublic students. Nonresident students paying tuition may be, and resident students attending a nonpublic school accredited by the State Department of Education will be, transported on an established public school vehicle route as long as such transportation does not interfere with resident public students' transportation. Nonresident and nonpublic school students shall obtain the permission of the superintendent prior to being transported by the school district.

Parents of resident students who provide transportation for their children attending a nonpublic school accredited by the lowa Department of Education will be reimbursed at the established state rate. This reimbursement shall be paid only if the school district receives the funds from the state. If less than the amount of funds necessary to fully reimburse parents of the nonpublic students is received by the school district, the funds shall be prorated.

The charge to the nonresident students shall be determined based on the students' pro rata share of the actual costs for transportation. The parents of these students shall be billed for the student's share of the actual costs of transportation. The billing shall be according to the schedule developed by the superintendent. It shall be the responsibility of the superintendent to determine the amount to be charged and report it to the board secretary for billing.

Continued transportation of nonresident and nonpublic school students on a public school vehicle route will be subject to resident public school students' transportation needs. The superintendent shall make a recommendation annually to the board regarding the method to be used. In making a recommendation to the board, the superintendent shall consider the number of students to be transported, the capacity of the school vehicles, the financial condition of the school district and other factors deemed relevant by the board or the superintendent.

Nonresident and nonpublic school students shall be subject to the same conduct regulations as resident public students as prescribed by board policy, and to other policies, rules, or regulations developed by the school district regarding transportation of students by the school district.

Legal Reference:	lowa Code §§ 285.12, .10, .16 (1995).

Cross Reference: 711 Transportation

Approved <u>12/11/03</u>

Reviewed <u>10/17/16</u>

TRANSPORTATION OF NONSCHOOL GROUPS

Only in unusual circumstances will the board make school district transportation vehicles available to local nonprofit entities which promote cultural, educational, civic, community, or recreational activities for transporting to and from nonschool-sponsored activities in the state. The local nonprofit entity must pay the cost of using the school district vehicle as determined by the superintendent.

In the event school district transportation vehicles are made available to local nonprofit entities, it shall be the responsibility of the superintendent to develop administrative regulations for application for, use of, and payment for using the school district transportation vehicles.

Legal Reference:	lowa Code §§ 285.1(21), .10(9 281 I.A.C. 43.10.), (10) (1995).
Cross Reference:	711 Transportation 900 Principles and Objectives	for Community Relations
Approved <u>12/11/03</u>	Reviewed <u>10/17/16</u>	Revised

SCHOOL BUS SAFETY INSTRUCTION

The school district will conduct school bus safe riding practices instruction and emergency safety drills at least twice during the school year for students who utilize school district transportation.

Each school bus vehicle will have, in addition to the regular emergency safety drill, a plan for helping those students who require special assistance to safety during an emergency. This will include, but not be limited to, students with disabilities.

School district vehicle drivers are required to attend each safety drill.

Employees are responsible for instructing the proper techniques to be followed during an emergency, as well as safe riding practices. It is the responsibility of the superintendent to develop administrative regulations regarding this policy.

Legal Reference: lowa Code §§ 279.8; 321 (2003). 281 I.A.C. 43.40.

Cross Reference: 503 Student Discipline 507 Student Health and Well-Being

804.2 Warning Systems and Emergency Plans

Approved <u>10/9/03</u>

Reviewed <u>10/17/16</u>

TRANSPORTATION IN INCLEMENT WEATHER

School district buses will not operate when weather conditions due to fog, rain, snow or other natural elements make it unsafe to do so. Because weather conditions may vary around the school district and may change quickly, the best judgment possible will be used with the information available.

The final judgment as to when conditions are unsafe to operate will be made by the superintendent. The superintendent will be assisted by the actual "on location" decisions and reports of the drivers.

Several drivers each year will be specially designated to report weather and road conditions by bus radio when requested to do so. Other drivers and students will be notified by commercial radio when school is cancelled or temporarily delayed. When school is cancelled because of weather anywhere in the school district, all schools will be closed.

When weather conditions deteriorate during the day after school has begun, cancellation notices will be announced by commercial radio. Students will be returned to their regular drop-off sites unless weather conditions prevent it. In that case, students will be kept at or returned to school until they are picked up by the parents.

Legal Reference:	lowa Code § 279.8 ((1995).

Cross Reference: 601.2 School Day

Approved <u>12/11/03</u>

Reviewed <u>10/17/16</u>

RUDD-ROCKFORD-MARBLE ROCK CSD FUNDRAISING GUIDELINES

Purpose of Fundraising

The Rudd-Rockford-Marble Rock Community School District recognizes a desire and a need for fundraising. The school district also recognizes a need for guidelines to prevent fundraising activities from becoming too numerous and overly demanding on employees, students and the community. All fundraising efforts must follow the approval process and be approved by the Building Principal prior to the start of the fundraiser. School employees are directed not to organize, conduct or involve students in fundraising activities unless the fundraising activity has been approved.

Definitions

<u>Fundraising</u> is the selling of a product, or providing a service or activity. School fundraising directly funds school programs.

<u>Student organizations</u> are groups that are sponsored by the district and approved by the School Board. They are designed to provide opportunities for students to participate, on an individual or group basis, in school and public events. Student organizations are directed or supervised by school district staff. Student organizations include athletics, student extracurricular activities, clubs and student classrooms or grade levels.

<u>Outside organizations</u> are non school-funded groups such as parent teacher organizations (PTOs) and parent booster groups that provide supplementary support to existing school programs and activities.

<u>Public purpose</u> is based on Article III, Section 31 of the Iowa Constitution; public money may be spent only for the public benefit. Public purpose determinations are often case-by-case but can be defined broadly as governmental action or direction that is intended to benefit the populace as a whole, that believes there is a public purpose. Determinations must take into account the impact of the expenditure on the "greater public good" with regard to the individual(s) who may benefit from the expenditure, including other sources of potential benefit to individuals impacted by the expenditure.

Approval of Fundraising Activities

The Building Principal must approve all fundraising requests prior to the start of the fundraising activity. Prior to principal approval, the fundraising application process must be completed and receive all approvals from District administrators. Applicants may receive questions or requests for revisions during the process and should allow ample time for the application approval process. The application is electronic and is available on the staff website under Forms.

Lists of approved fundraisers, for the benefit of the school district, are presented to the School Board for review annually.

Fundraising Guidelines

- All funds received by the District are considered public funds, must be accepted by the Board, and must be used to support the educational mission of the District. Fundraising revenues cannot be used for private gain or political purposes.
- It is the responsibility of the club sponsor/activity coach/classroom teacher/staff member working with students on fundraising efforts to adhere to all established District timelines and policies related to fundraising.
- Fundraising by students for events other than school-sponsored events is not allowed during the school operational hours and school sponsored events.
- All fundraising events and funds raised through school fundraisers by student and outside organizations are under the jurisdiction of the School Board.
- The District name and school or outside organization name should be included on all fundraising information distributed. All distributed fundraising materials must include the specific goals of the fundraiser. All expenditures of fundraising revenues must have public purpose.
- Participation in fundraising activities is voluntary. No student will be excluded from an event or program because of non-participation by the student or their parents. Participation in fundraising cannot be a condition of an assigned academic grade. No student shall be forced, coerced or otherwise unduly pressured to participate in fundraising activities. Likewise, no reprimand, condemnation nor criticism shall be made of any student who does not participate or succeed in fundraising.
- Group (class or grade) incentives are the preferred means to motivate and reward students. Incentives purchased for qualifying groups of students from public funds as part of an initiative, program, or recognition (e.g., rewards, honor roll) shall be of nominal value and authorized by the school administrator. The Iowa Department of Education has ruled that there is "an absolute prohibition on giving cash to a student as an award." (The District cannot give cash to students as an award including gift cards/certificates.)
- Fundraising activities during the school day will be limited and must not conflict with state laws and regulations relating to food service programs.
- The Board strongly suggests that the option to donate, as opposed to participating in a fundraiser, be considered as an option. This option should be considered based on the nature of the effort, timing of the fundraiser, and the student/parent commitment required of the fundraiser. These donations to the school are tax deductible and donations to outside organizations may be tax deductible based on their non-profit status.
- School organizations are not permitted to make donations to other non-profit organizations unless that particular purpose was identified prior to raising the funds.
- Collection boxes for school fundraising must have prior approval from the building administrator before being placed on school property.
- All students who participate in approved fundraising activities are expected to represent the school, the student organization and the community in a responsible manner.

Financial Management

- Handling funds in a public school is a serious matter governed by state law and Board policy.
- Student handling of cash should be kept to a minimum. Fundraising information should discourage giving cash to students.
- Checks should be made out payable to the Rudd-Rockford-Marble Rock Community School District. Checks should never be made out to a District employee or individuals.
- Funds raised by students or from student activities is deposited and accounted for in school district accounts (Board policy 704.5). District employees are not allowed to have separate checking accounts for school-related activities.
- All checks and cash receipts should be deposited promptly. Under no circumstance is money to be kept in classrooms or taken from the building by the sponsor.
- The amount of cash that may be kept in the school building for any one day is sufficient for that day's operations. Funds raised by students are kept locked up in the office of each school building. (Board policy 702)
- All contracts, including those for fundraising, require Board approval.
- Sponsors assume personal responsibility for all monies collected up until those monies are deposited with the school office.
- The Fundraiser Reconciliation Form must be completed by the individual in charge of the fundraiser and turned into the Superintendent's Office with copies of sales forms, spreadsheets or other supporting documents.

Outside Organizations (Board policy 903.1)

The Board values the participation and the support of school district community groups, including, but not limited to, booster clubs and parent-teacher organizations, which strive for the betterment of

the school district and the education program. The school district will work closely with these groups.

Funds raised by these groups for the school district may be kept as part of the accounts of the school district; however, all purchases will be made by the District after the acceptance of the donated funds.

The building administrator or Director of Activities and Community Education will serve as the liaison between the school district and any outside organizations collecting money impacting their students, building or programs.

The Superintendent shall develop procedures for implementing this policy to limit instances where the policy may negatively impact fund raising for external groups. While approval for all fundraising is required, considerations should focus on flexibility in the application process to limit discouragement from fundraising efforts that can positively impact the students Rudd-Rockford-Marble Rock School

Approved: 2/18/19

Reviewed: 2/18/19

Rudd-Rockford-Marble Rock Community School District

Fund Raising Request		
Name of Fund Raiser		
Start Date		
End Date		
Name of Group Raising the Funds		
Name of Sponsor		
Email Address of Sponsor		
What account are receipts and invoices to be posted? _		
Where/How is the Fundraiser publicized?		
Purpose of the fundraiser (be specific)		
How will the money be raised?		
Projected Profit if Known		
Approved by Building Prinicipal	Date	
Sponsor Signature	Date	

FUNDRAISER RECONCILIATION FORM

Upon completion of the fundraiser, the Sponsor is responsible for completing this form and submitting to the central office for review.

Name of Fundraising Group	
Name of Fundraiser	
First day of Fundraiser	Last Day of Fundraiser
Total Sales \$	
Total Expenses \$	
Net Profit \$	
All forms, spreadsheets or other supporting doc reconcile deposits collected and invoices to this	uments must accompany this form. The Business Office will form.
	curred
Sponsors Signature	Date
Business Office	Date